Questions and Answers regarding the Guide for Applicants (GfA) for Flagship Projects

Note: The answers to these questions is not a guarantee for selection. Only assessors propose and the Monitoring Committee decides on issues related to eligibility and scoring.

	Relevant		
	section in the		
No.	Guide for	Question	Programme' answer
	Applicants		
	(GfA)		
			Given the relatively modest available funding, the Programme can only support the development of a
			small number of connecting roads that concretely improve cross-border mobility, by enhancing
			connections between secondary and tertiary nodes and the TEN-T core and comprehensive network.
		distance. The access to the airport is made by crossing the neighboring localities, effectively transiting the	According to the Cooperation Programme provisions, only development (building or upgrading) of
			roads that represent a direct connection from secondary and tertiary nodes to the TEN-T
		detouring implies 10 additional km for each passenger coming from Arad, Oradea, Deva, Lugoj, Hunedoara or	networks , can be supported by this action, ensuring or improving direct access of the secondary and
		from Csongrad region (Szeged, Mako) in Hungary The congested and unpredictable traffic through transited	tertiary nodes to the TEN-T core and comprehensive network and the related infrastructure
		localities causes considerable delays and represents a major impediment for the passenger wanting to access	(considering also the improvement of the conditions and the safety of cyclists, where possible).
		the airport easily, quickly and in the shortest time.	Indicative actions are designed to improve the access of the inhabitants living in the cross-border
		- Besides, there is NO direct connection between A1 and TM Beltway that passes-by the localities, fact that	area to the TEN-T core and comprehensive network.
		justifies once more the necessity of a connecting road between A1 and TM Beltway in the Airport area,	Also, the target group is defined as the population living in the eligible area.
		connection that will be also useful for TM Municipality. We have found out, from the information package, that	The result indicator of the Programme in this case is the population living in the cross-border area
1	GfA	TM is the only primary node in the eligible area. TIA is also a primary aerial node of the TEN-T, thus, connecting	served by the upgraded infrastructure which connects to the TEN-T (number of inhabitants).
'	diA	it to secondary/tertiary terrestrial lines would comply with the multimodal component.	The indicator represents the total population served by the upgraded infrastructure that connects to
		Also, TIA intends to develop a public road transport (which is also integral part of the Transport General	the RTT network. When calculating the baseline and target value of the indicator, all the inhabitants
		Masterplan, under the chapter <i>multimodal passenger transport</i>), aiming at facilitating fast access to the airport	of all settlements which are either located on the upgraded section of the road or are situated in an
		for the population living in Szeged/Mako area. The road public transport time for passengers coming form	area of 3 km from the section of the upgraded road will be considered.
		Szeged/Mako/Arad/Oradea etc. would be considerably improved if such connection between A1 and TIA	
		existed. It is obvious for us that the project falls under TM County Council responsibility or under Ghironda or	
		Giamata localities in partnership with Szeged/Mako and even with NCRIA (the administrator of A1). We've	
		already had preliminary discussions with Szeged and Mako municipalities and the two Mayors expressed their	
		interest in developing, within a partnership, the project for public/multimodal transport to ensure a fast	
		connection with TIA. For this reason, we think they will be also interested in an infrastructure project, to	
		shorten the distance to and times for accessing the TIA. Considering the above mentioned facts, please notify	
		us whether the construction of a road connecting TIA to A1 and TM Beltway is eligible under the recently	
		launched Call for proposal.	

3	GfA	Regarding the Interreg' Ip 7/b, I would like to ask if the development of the road between Csenger and Satu Mare, through which these settlements would be linked to the TEN-T network, is considered eligible? In our opinion, on the page 6 of the Annex "TEN-T analyses", these nodes, Satu Mare (as secondary node) and Csenger (as tertiary node) are considered eligible.	legislation. List of potential beneficiaries: local and county governments / administrations and their institutions, national organizations responsible for transport infrastructure development etc. Within the Investment priority 7/b, as mentioned in the Factsheet for Ip 7/b, construction, upgrading / modernization of roads with cross-border impact, providing or improving direct access of secondary AND tertiary nodes TO TEN-T core or comprehensive network and related infrastructure, are eligible. In addition, even if we do not have the details of the road you refer to, we kindly remind you that, as stated in the Guide for Applicants for Flagship projects, 2.2.1.2 Eligibility of actions: Selection of projects that include cross-border road infrastructure is conditional to a prior bilateral agreement with the commitment of the Member States to set up Schengen-compatible border-crossing checkpoints (or other existing solutions according to the legislation in force at the time of submission of the project applications) at the completion of any such projects and to operate it for at least 5 years from the financial closure of the respective project or until the enlargement of the Schengen zone. When planning your project you should have in view the above mentioned provisions of the Guide for Applicants for Flagship projects.
2	GfA	1. Is the construction of a road, connecting "Traian Vuia" International Airport Timişoara with A1 highway and Timişoara Northern ring road, eligible for support under Investment Priority 7/b -Enhancing regional mobility by connecting secondary and tertiary nodes to TEN-T infrastructure, including multimodal nodes? 2. Considering that "Traian Vuia" International Airport Timişoara is a national joint-stock company, under Ministry of Transport subordination, established by G. D. no.521/1998 on the establishment of the national company "International Airport Timişoara "- joint-stock company (published in the Official Journal no.334/07.09.1998), please specify weather SN AIT Traian Vuia is eligible under Ip 7/b.	Given the relatively modest available funding, the Programme can only support the development of a small number of connecting roads that concretely improve cross-border mobility, by enhancing connections between secondary and tertiary nodes and the TEN-T core and comprehensive network. According to the Cooperation Programme provisions, only development (building or upgrading) of roads that represent a direct connection from secondary and tertiary nodes to the TEN-T networks, can be supported by this action, ensuring or improving direct access of the secondary and tertiary nodes to the TEN-T core and comprehensive network and the related infrastructure (considering also the improvement of the conditions and the safety of cyclists, where possible). Indicative actions are designed to improve the access of the inhabitants living in the cross-border area to the TEN-T core and comprehensive network. Also, the target group is defined as the population living in the eligible area. The result indicator of the Programme in this case is the population living in the cross-border area served by the upgraded infrastructure which connects to the TEN-T (number of inhabitants). The indicator represents the total population served by the upgraded infrastructure that connects to the TEN-T network. When calculating the baseline and target value of the indicator, all the inhabitants of all settlements which are either located on the upgraded section of the road or are situated in an area of 3 km from the section of the upgraded road will be considered. Regarding the eligibility of the applicant, the (lead) applicant must have legal competencies in the project relevant field. For all projects, it is compulsory that the applicant has among its attributions, according with its statute or according to the national legislation, the implementation of the proposed activities or it must prove that it has a partnership agreement with the institutions competent to implement such activities, according with its statute or according to the

4	CN Application Form	When filing in the document "Concept Note Application form" some questions have been arisen, as follows: - What the "Department" field refers to exactly? - At point "Co-Financing Source" could the Hungarian State fulfil this role? - At point "Legal Status public" should the legal status of the contaected person be precised? - At points " Experiences" and as well as "Benefit" could you clarify them in details in order to fill in proptly this criterion.	In the new version of eMS, the <i>Department field</i> becomes <i>Legal representative (Position</i>) and it refers to the position / function of the legal representative in the respective institution. Co-Financing Source has a single option: ERDF Legal Status: public or private. Experiences of Partner: What are the organization's competences and experiences relevant or the project? Include role in the project. Benefit: a short description of the results/outcomes/benefits resulted from the previously implemented projects'.
5	ip 7/b	The strategic project proposal of the Arad County Council, as the Lead Partner proposes the modernization / rehabilitation and construction of new municipal roads in the Romanian-Hungarian border region extending from the border crossing points from Nădlac to Vărsand. By modernzation / rehabilitation / construction of municipal roads in this region the following aspects arises: - Ensuring direct road links, shorter than the existing one between the border crossing points from Nădlac, Turnu, Variașu Mic, Grăniceri and Vărșand, as an alternative for DN 7 and DN 79, contributing to decongesting of traffic on these national roads which are very agglomerated - Ensuring the connection of tertiary and secondary nodes to Nădlac, Pecica, Curtici, Chișineu Criș, which constitute as local development poles to infrastructure TEN-T (highway A1 Nădlac – București) - Decongesting the border crossing point from Nădlac by ensuring easy access to other border crossing points from the territority of Arad County - Increasing local economies from the two counties by ensuring a modern road network for flows of passengers and goods - Enhancing previously implemented projects related to road links between the two counties, financed within the Hungary-Romania Cross-Border Co-operation Programme 2007-2013 (road linking Nădlac – Csanadpalota, Variașu Mic – Dombegyhaz, Grăniceri – Elek). In this context, please clarify that the modernization of section DJ 709J Grăniceri - Pilu (DN 79A) could be eligible for modernization within the Interreg V-A Romania-Hungary Programme, accoring to the attached map.	Thank you for your interest and we would like to express our support for facilitating your efforts. With regard to your request, please take into consideration that the Programme could provide funding for developing a small number of road links that truly enhance cross-border mobility through improving the connections between secondary and tertiary nodes and the TEN-T core and comprehensive network. According to the provisions of the Cooperation Programme, the development (upgrading and modernization) of roads only with direct link from secondary and tertiary nodes to TEN-T networks may be supported under this action, providing or improving direct access of secundary and tertiary nodes to TEN-T core or comprehensive network and related infrastructure (also taking into account improving the conditions and safety of cycling, where possible). The indicative actions are designed to improve the access of inhabitants of the cross-border region to core and comprehensive TEN-T network. Moreover, the target group is defined as people living in the eligible area. However, we will take into account all the inhabitants of all settlements that are either located on the modernized road section or are located within 3 km distance from the modernized road section. Taking into consideration the abovementioned issues, the 2 municipaliies referred, Grăniceri respectively Pilu, are not part of secondary and tertiary nodes, but developing DJ 709J Grăniceri - Pilu (DN 79A) is not a connection between secondary and tertiary nodes and TEN-T core and comprehensive network. For further details please consult the Guide for Applicants for Flagship Projects, Annex I, Fact Sheet and TEN-T Analyze, where are listed all the teriary and secondary nodes from the eligible region as well as the core and comprehensive TEN-T network.